

The **Here Applies** L^AT_EX Package

December 11, 2022

Abstract

A L^AT_EX package for referencing groups of pages that share something in common.

1 Overview

Here Applies is a L^AT_EX package that allows to collect groups of labels and reference them altogether. It can be used for creating informal glossaries that cross-link concepts to their applications, or simply mentioning multiple pages that share something in common.

The package offers two commands: `\hereapplies` and `\whereapplies` (plus their “starred” versions `\hereapplies*` and `\whereapplies*`). In both cases an identifier is passed as argument – and this can be any string invented in the moment (`\hereapplies` additionally supports more than one identifier in the form of a comma-separated list).

Every time `\hereapplies` is invoked with known identifiers, the document is made aware that the place shares some kind of connection with other places in which the same identifiers were used. And so, every time the `\whereapplies` command is invoked with a known identifier, all the occurrences of the latter within the entire document will be printed in the form of a linkable page list (e.g. “pp. 1, 5, 8–9, 14–20...”).

As `\hereapplies` is designed to be invoked in the middle of a chapter or a section and that location must be made linkable, the `\phantomsection` directive is invoked by default before a label is added. To avoid calling `\phantomsection`, the “starred” command `\hereapplies*` is available.

Finally, like `\whereapplies` resembles a pluralizable version of `\pageref`, its “starred” version `\whereapplies*` will resemble a pluralizable version of `\pageref*`.

If you use LyX, the package ships a LyX module as well (please check the `lyx-module` subdirectory).

2 Example usage

The following L^AT_EX manuscript

```
1 \documentclass{article}
2
3 \usepackage{hereapplies}
4
5 \begin{document}
6
7 \title{Some title}
8
9 \author{Some author}
10
11 \maketitle
12
13 This is concept one. To find this concept applied, please
14 see \whereapplies{conceptOne}.
15
16 This is concept two. To find this concept applied, please
17 see \whereapplies{conceptTwo}.\newpage
18
19 \hereapplies{conceptOne} This is page \thepage. As you can see,
20 ``concept one'' applies here.\newpage
21
22 \hereapplies{conceptTwo} This is page \thepage. As you can see,
23 ``concept two'' applies here.\newpage
24
25 \hereapplies{conceptOne, conceptTwo} This is page \thepage. As you
26 can see, both ``concept one'' and ``concept two'' apply here.\newpage
27
28 \hereapplies{conceptTwo} This is page \thepage. As you can see,
29 ``concept two'' applies here.\newpage
30
31 \hereapplies[myref]{conceptOne} This is page \thepage. As you can
32 see, ``concept one'' applies here. This point in the document is
33 labeled \texttt{myref}.
34
35 \end{document}
```

will generate the `hereapplies-example.pdf` document attached.

3 A minimal tutorial

`\hereapplies` Syntax:

```
\hereapplies [label] {identifiers}
\hereapplies* [label] {identifiers}
```

The `\hereapplies` command notifies the document that one or more identifiers apply to a particular point and adds a label to it.

If the optional argument is passed the label created will be named accordingly, otherwise an opaque name will be chosen for it. This argument may contain only what is legal for `\pageref`.

The *identifiers* argument must be a comma-separated list of identifiers (leading and trailing spaces around each member will be ignored). Each of these strings will remain confined within the internal scope of the package and will not create conflicts with possible macros or labels of the same names.

After storing some internal values, `\hereapplies` will expand exactly to

```
\phantomsection\label{...}
```

Its “starred” version (`\hereapplies*`) will not invoke the `\phantomsection` directive.

`\whereapplies` Syntax:

```
\whereapplies {<identifier>}
\whereapplies* {<identifier>}
```

The `\whereapplies` command prints all the occurrences of an identifier, in the form “p. ...” or “pp. ...” (with page range support).

The *identifier* argument will remain confined within the internal scope of the package and will not create conflicts with possible commands or labels of the same name. Leading and trailing spaces around this string will be ignored.

If the same *identifier* is not passed to `\hereapplies` at least once throughout the document, `\whereapplies` will print “??”.

The “starred” version of this command (`\whereapplies*`) will use `\pageref*` instead of `\pageref` for generating the page list.

4 Internationalization

Currently the localization of **Here Applies** is not automatic. It is possible however to control the strings generated by overwriting the four macros `\hapage`, `\hapages`, `\hadelimiter` and `\halastdelimiter`. For example, writing at the beginning of a document

```
1 % German translation of Here Applies
2 % English: "p. | "
3 \gdef\hapage{S.\ }
4 % English: "pp. | "
5 \gdef\hapages{S.\ }
6 % English: "| and| "
7 \gdef\halastdelimiter{\ und\ }
8 % English: ", | " (exactly like in German — leave it)
9 %\gdef\hadelimiter{, | }
```

will translate “pp. 2, 4 and 6” into “S. 2, 4 und 6”.

5 Get involved

If you wish to get involved, please do not hesitate to send merge requests or participate in the discussion. The package is also available on **CTAN** under `macros/latex/contrib/hereapplies/`. For any issue, please drop a message.

6 Free software

Here Applies is free software. You can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the **AGPL** license version 3 or any later version. See **COPYING** for details.

Code appendix

```
1 % -- Mode: latex; indent-tabs-mode: nil; c-basic-offset: 4; tab-width: 4 --
2 %
3 %
4 % hereapplies.sty
5 %
6 % A LaTeX package for referencing groups of pages that share something in
7 % common
8 %
9 % https://github.com/madmurphy/hereapplies.sty
10 %
11 % Version 1.0.1
12 %
13 % Copyright (C) 2022 madmurphy <madmurphy333@gmail.com>
14 %
15 % **Here Applies** is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it
16 % under the terms of the GNU Affero General Public License as published by the
17 % Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or (at your
18 % option) any later version.
19 %
20 % **Here Applies** is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but
21 % WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or
22 % FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU Affero General Public License
23 % for more details.
24 %
25 % You should have received a copy of the GNU Affero General Public License
26 % along with this program. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
27 %
28 %
29 %
30 % Example usage:
31 %
32 %     \documentclass{article}
33 %
34 %     \usepackage{hereapplies}
35 %
36 %     \begin{document}
37 %
38 %     \title{Some title}
39 %
40 %     \author{Some author}
41 %
42 %     \maketitle
43 %
44 %     This is concept one. To find this concept applied, please
45 %     see \whereapplies{conceptOne}.
46 %
47 %     This is concept two. To find this concept applied, please
48 %     see \whereapplies{conceptTwo}.\newpage
49 %
50 %     \hereapplies{conceptOne} This is page \thepage. As you can see,
51 %     `concept one' applies here.\newpage
52 %
53 %     \hereapplies{conceptTwo} This is page \thepage. As you can see,
```

```

54 %   ``concept two'' applies here.\newpage
55 %
56 %   \hereapplies{conceptOne, conceptTwo} This is page |thepage. As you
57 %   can see, both ``concept one'' and ``concept two'' apply here.\newpage
58 %
59 %   \hereapplies{conceptTwo} This is page |thepage. As you can see,
60 %   ``concept two'' applies here.\newpage
61 %
62 %   \hereapplies[myref]{conceptOne} This is page |thepage. As you can
63 %   see, ``concept one'' applies here. This point in the document is
64 %   labeled |texttt{myref}.
65 %
66 %   \end{document}
67 %
68 %
69 \ProvidesPackage{hereapplies}[2022/12/11 Here Applies]
70 \RequirePackage{hyperref}
71 \RequirePackage{refcount}
72 %
73 %
74 %
75 %   TRANSLATABLE STRINGS
76 %
77 %
78 %
79 % The abbreviation of one single page
80 \providecommand*\hpage{p.\ }
81 % The abbreviation of two or more pages
82 \providecommand*\hpages{pp.\ }
83 % The delimiter between page numbers
84 \providecommand*\hadelimiter}{,\ }
85 % The delimiter before the last page number
86 \providecommand*\halastdelimiter}{\ and\ }
87 %
88 %
89 %
90 %   ABSTRACT UTILITIES
91 %
92 %
93 % These macros are not strictly related to this package, but are required.
94 %
95 %
96 % Macro: ` \@ha@ifcomma text to check, \@then{if yes}{if no}`
97 % *****
98 %
99 % Check if a string contains a comma
100 %
101 % This macro is mainly for internal purposes (but nothing forbids invoking it
102 % directly). When invoked it checks whether a comma is present in `text to
103 % check`, then expands to `if yes` or `if no` accordingly.
104 %
105 % Please do not put curly brackets around the text to check. The comma at the
106 % end of the text is mandatory.
107 %
108 \long\gdef\@ha@ifcomma#1,#2\@then#3#4{%

```

```

109     \if\relax\detokenize{#2}\relax#4\else#3\fi%
110 }
111 %
112 %
113 % Macro: `|ha@trim{text}`
114 % *****
115 %
116 % Trim leading and trailing spaces from a string
117 %
118 % This macro is mainly for internal purposes (but nothing forbids invoking it
119 % directly).
120 %
121 \begingroup
122 % Temporarily change the categories of `<` and `>`, for trimming safely
123 \catcode`\<=4\catcode`\>=3
124 % Helper macro
125 \long\gdef\@ha@trm< #1 < #2 < #3 < #4 < #5 < #6 < #7 < #8 < #9 >/{%
126     \ifcase\numexpr2#3#8\relax\or#2\or#7\or#5\or#1\fi%
127 }
128 % Usable macro
129 \long\gdef\ha@trim#1{%
130     \@ha@trm< #1 < #1 < - < + < ? < #1 < #1 < 0 < 2 < 1 < 3 < 2 < ! >/%
131 }
132 \endgroup
133 %
134 %
135 %
136 % PRIVATE ENVIRONMENT
137 %
138 %
139 % These macros regulate the internal functioning of the package and should not
140 % be invoked directly.
141 %
142 %
143 % Assign a unique number to each unlabeled occurrence of an identifier
144 \newcounter{@ha@unlabeled@counter}
145 % Populate the .hax file when the document reaches the end
146 \AtEndDocument{%
147     % Do we have any content?
148     \ifdefined\@ha@commons@@haxcontent%
149         % We do - export it
150         \addtocontents{hax}{\@ha@commons@@haxcontent}%
151     \fi%
152 }
153 %
154 %
155 % Macro `|@ha@makepagelist{hypermacro}{labels}`
156 % *****
157 %
158 % Generate the list of page numbers (with page range support)
159 %
160 % This macro is for internal purposes only. When invoked, it scans the
161 % comma-separated list of labels provided (`labels`), checks which labels refer
162 % to duplicate page numbers and which page numbers can be grouped together, and
163 % finally prints a list.

```

```

164 %
165 % The `hypermacro` argument is the macro (usually from the `hyperref` package)
166 % that will process the label name.
167 %
168 % The `labels` argument must be a comma-separated list of labels.
169 %
170 \gdef\@ha@makepagelist#1#2{%
171   \bgroup%
172   % Reset the current page number
173   \def\@ha@tmp@@curr{-1}%
174   % Reset the current range offset
175   \def\@ha@tmp@@prangeoffs{-1}%
176   % Ensure no comma before the first page number
177   \def\@ha@tmp@@psep{}%
178   % Ensure no text before the last number if it is also the first one
179   \def\@ha@tmp@@lastpsep{}%
180   % Iterate through the `labels` argument
181   \@for\@ha@tmp@@thislabel=#2\do{%
182     % Store the page number associated with this label
183     \edef\@ha@tmp@@nextp{\getpagerefnumber{\@ha@tmp@@thislabel}}%
184     % Check that we are not on the same page as in the last iteration
185     \ifnum\@ha@tmp@@curr=\@ha@tmp@@nextp\else%
186       % This is not the same page as in the last iteration
187       % Is this the first page in which this identifier appears?
188       \ifnum\@ha@tmp@@curr>-1%
189         % We have already met pages in which this identifier appears
190         % Does this page follow immediately the previous page?
191         \ifnum\numexpr\@ha@tmp@@curr+1=\@ha@tmp@@nextp%
192           % This page follows immediately the previous page
193           % Are these the first two contiguous pages of the range?
194           \ifnum\@ha@tmp@@prangeoffs=-1%
195             % These are the first two contiguous pages of the range
196             % Store the first page number of the pair
197             \let\@ha@tmp@@prangeoffs\@ha@tmp@@curr%
198             % Store the first label of the pair
199             \let\@ha@tmp@@currangelbl\@ha@tmp@@currlbl%
200           \fi%
201         \else%
202           % This page is far from the previous label's page
203           % Was the previous page part of a contiguous range?
204           \ifnum\@ha@tmp@@prangeoffs=-1%
205             % The previous page was a standalone page
206             % Print "[, ]<p>"
207             {\@ha@tmp@@psep\cename
208              #1\expandafter\endcename%
209              \expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@currlbl}}%
210           \else%
211             % The previous page was part of a contiguous range
212             % Print "[, ]<p—q>"
213             {\@ha@tmp@@psep\cename
214              #1\expandafter\endcename%
215              \expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@currangelbl}—\cename
216              #1\expandafter\endcename%
217              \expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@currlbl}}%
218             % Reset the current range offset

```



```

219         \def\@ha@tmp@@prangeoffs{-1}%
220         \fi%
221         % Ensure a comma before the next page number
222         \let\@ha@tmp@@psep\hadelimiter%
223         % Ensure " and " before the last page number
224         \let\@ha@tmp@@lastpsep\halastdelimiter%
225         \fi%
226         \fi%
227         % Prepare the next page number
228         \let\@ha@tmp@@currp\@ha@tmp@@nextp%
229         % Prepare the next label
230         \let\@ha@tmp@@currlbl\@ha@tmp@@thislabel%
231     \fi%
232 }%
233 % Print the last page number
234 % Is there at least one page to print?
235 \ifnum\@ha@tmp@@currp>-1%
236     % There is at least one page to print
237     % Was the previous page part of a contiguous range?
238     \ifnum\@ha@tmp@@prangeoffs=-1%
239         % The previous page was a standalone page
240         % Print "[ and ]<p>"
241         {\@ha@tmp@@lastpsep\csname
242             #1\expandafter\endcsname%
243             \expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@currlbl}}%
244     \else%
245         % The previous page was part of a contiguous range
246         % Print "[ and ]<p—q>"
247         {\@ha@tmp@@lastpsep\csname
248             #1\expandafter\endcsname%
249             \expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@currangelbl}—\csname
250             #1\expandafter\endcsname%
251             \expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@currlbl}}%
252     \fi%
253 \fi%
254 \endgroup%
255 }
256 %
257 %
258 % Macro `|\@ha@makeoutputstrings{identifier}{preamble}{labels}`
259 % *****
260 %
261 % Generate the output strings of `|whereapplies` and `|whereapplies*`
262 %
263 % This macro is for internal purposes only. When invoked, it updates the two
264 % macros `@ha@prop@@soutput@...` and `@ha@prop@@doutput@...`.
265 %
266 % The `identifier` argument remains confined within the internal scope of the
267 % package and does not create conflicts with possible macros or labels of the
268 % same name. Leading and trailing spaces around this string will not be
269 % ignored.
270 %
271 % The `preamble` argument is the text that will be expanded before the page
272 % list (usually "p." or "pp. ").
273 %

```

```

274 % The `labels` argument must be a comma-separated list of labels.
275 %
276 \gdef\@ha@makeoutputstrings#1#2#3{%
277     % Write "p./pp. \pageref..." to the output
278     \expandafter\gdef\csname @ha@prop@@doutput@#1\endcsname{%
279         % `T@pageref` is a synonym of `pageref`
280         #2\@ha@makepagelist{T@pageref}{#3}%
281     }%
282     % Write "p./pp. \pageref*..." to the starred output
283     \expandafter\gdef\csname @ha@prop@@soutput@#1\endcsname{%
284         % `@pagerefstar` is a synonym of `pageref*`
285         #2\@ha@makepagelist{@pagerefstar}{#3}%
286     }%
287     % Make the list of labels available to the API (via `gethainfo`)
288     \expandafter\gdef\csname @ha@prop@@labels@#1\endcsname{#3}%
289 }
290 %
291 %
292 % Macro `@ha@newidentifier{identifier}`
293 % *****
294 %
295 % Initialize a new identifier
296 %
297 % This macro is for internal purposes only. When invoked, it sets up the helper
298 % macros, counters and auxiliary files needed for keeping track of an
299 % identifier. If the identifier was already initialized the macro will be no
300 % op.
301 %
302 % The `identifier` argument remains confined within the internal scope of the
303 % package and does not create conflicts with possible macros or labels of the
304 % same name. Leading and trailing spaces around this string will not be
305 % ignored.
306 %
307 \gdef\@ha@newidentifier#1{%
308     % Was this identifier already initialized?
309     \ifcsname @ha@iter@@preamble@#1\endcsname\else%
310         % The identifier was never initialized
311         % Was the .hax input already initialized during this run?
312         \ifdefined\@ha@commons@@haxcontent\else%
313             % The .hax input was never initialized
314             % Previous versions created unwanted whitespaces; I am thankful to
315             % David Carlisle for suggesting `endlinechar=m@ne`
316             {\endlinechar=m@ne\@starttoc{hax}}%
317             % Initialize the content to export to the .hax file
318             \gdef\@ha@commons@@haxcontent{}%
319         \fi%
320         % Was a .hax file already exported during a previous run?
321         \ifcsname @ha@prop@@labels@#1\endcsname\else%
322             % This is the first run
323             % Set the output to "???" - to be updated by the .hax file
324             \expandafter\gdef\csname
325                 @ha@prop@@doutput@#1\endcsname{\textbf{??}}%
326             % Set the starred output to "???" - to be updated by the .hax file
327             \expandafter\gdef\csname
328                 @ha@prop@@soutput@#1\endcsname{\textbf{??}}%

```

```

329           % Set the list of labels to an empty value
330           \expandafter\gdef\csname @ha@prop@@labels@#1\endcsname{}%
331           \fi%
332           % Use "p." for the preamble when there is only one occurrence
333           \global\expandafter\let\csname @ha@iter@@preamble@#1\endcsname\hpage%
334           % Generate the output strings
335           \g@addto@macro\@ha@commons@@haxcontent{%
336             % Make sure that there are occurrences
337             \ifcsname @ha@iter@@labels@#1\endcsname%
338               % There are occurrences
339               % Generate the output strings
340               \protect\@ha@makeoutputstrings{#1}{\csname
341                 @ha@iter@@preamble@#1\endcsname}{\csname
342                 @ha@iter@@labels@#1\endcsname}%
343             \fi%
344           }%
345         \fi%
346     }
347     %
348     %
349     %
350     % LIBRARY ENVIRONMENT
351     %
352     %
353     % These macros are not directly available to the user, but are callable by
354     % other packages, if needed.
355     %
356     %
357     % Macro: \starred@nochecks@hereapplies{label}{identifiers}`
358     % *****
359     %
360     % Similar to \hereapplies*, but without checks and with two mandatory
361     % arguments
362     %
363     % This macro is mainly for internal purposes (but nothing forbids invoking it
364     % directly). Here the two arguments are both mandatory and there will be no
365     % checks that first argument does not contain a comma. See the documentation of
366     % \hereapplies for more information.
367     %
368     \newcommand*\starred@nochecks@hereapplies}[2]{%
369       % Assign a label to this occurrence
370       \label{#1}%
371       % Iterate through the comma-separated list identifiers`
372       \@for\@ha@tmp@@litem:=#2\do{%
373         % Remove trailing and leading spaces
374         \edef\@ha@tmp@@id{\expandafter\ha@trim\expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@litem}}%
375         % Make sure that the identifier is initialized
376         \expandafter\@ha@newidentifier\expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@id}%
377         % Is this the first time this identifier is mentioned?
378         \ifcsname @ha@iter@@labels@\@ha@tmp@@id\endcsname%
379           % This is not the first time this identifier is mentioned
380           % Add this label to the list
381           \expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname
382             @ha@iter@@labels@\@ha@tmp@@id\endcsname{,#1}%
383           % Use "pp." for the preamble when there are multiple occurrences

```

```

384     \global\expandafter\let\csname
385         @ha@iter@@preamble@\@ha@tmp@@id\endcsname\hpages%
386     \else%
387         % This is the first time this identifier is mentioned
388         % Set up the list with this label as value
389     \expandafter\gdef\csname
390         @ha@iter@@labels@\@ha@tmp@@id\endcsname{#1}%
391     \fi%
392 }%
393 % Clean the environment
394 \let\@ha@tmp@@id\undefined%
395 }
396 %
397 %
398 % Macro: ` \starred@hereapplies[label]{identifiers} `
399 % *****
400 %
401 % Identical to ` \hereapplies* `
402 %
403 % This macro is mainly for internal purposes (but nothing forbids invoking it
404 % directly). See the documentation of ` \hereapplies ` for more information.
405 %
406 \newcommand*\starred@hereapplies[2][]{%
407     % Check whether the macro has been called with one or two arguments
408     \if\relax\detokenize{#1}\relax%
409         % The macro has been called with only one argument
410         % Assign a unique number to the unnamed occurrence
411         \stepcounter{@ha@unlabeled@counter}%
412         % Create an opaque label
413         \edef\@ha@tmp@@lbl{hereapplies:unnamed\the@ha@unlabeled@counter}%
414     \else%
415         % The macro has been called with two arguments
416         % Expand the first argument for checking properly
417         \edef\@ha@tmp@@lbl{#1}%
418         % Make sure that there are no commas in the `label` argument
419         \expandafter\@ha@ifcomma\@ha@tmp@@lbl,\@then{%
420             \PackageError{hereapplies}{Comma detected in "\@ha@tmp@@lbl"}{%
421                 It is possible to assign only one single label.%
422             }%
423         }{}%
424     \fi%
425     % Call ` \starred@nochecks@hereapplies `
426     \expandafter\starred@nochecks@hereapplies\expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@lbl}{#2}%
427     % Clean the environment
428     \let\@ha@tmp@@lbl\undefined%
429     % Ignore the spaces that might follow
430     \ignorespaces%
431 }
432 %
433 %
434 % Macro: ` \get@hainfo[property]{identifier} `
435 % *****
436 %
437 % Get the value of an identifier's property
438 %

```

```

439 % This macro is mainly for internal purposes (but nothing forbids invoking it
440 % directly). If the identifier was never initialized the macro will initialize
441 % it.
442 %
443 % Possible values for the `property` argument are: `doutput`, `labels` and
444 % `soutput`. When omitted it defaults to `labels`.
445 %
446 % The `identifier` argument remains confined within the internal scope of the
447 % package and does not create conflicts with possible macros or labels of the
448 % same name. Leading and trailing spaces around this string will be ignored.
449 %
450 \newcommand*{\get@hainfo}[2][labels]{%
451   % Trim leading and trailing spaces from the identifier
452   \edef\@ha@tmp@@id{\ha@trim{#2}}%
453   % Make sure that there are no commas
454   \expandafter\@ha@ifcomma\@ha@tmp@@id,\@then{%
455     \PackageError{hereapplies}{Comma detected in "\@ha@tmp@@id"}{%
456       It is possible to query only one single identifier at a time.%
457     }%
458   }{}%
459   % Make sure that the identifier is initialized
460   \expandafter\@ha@newidentifier\expandafter{\@ha@tmp@@id}%
461   % Print the identifier's property
462   \csname @ha@prop@@#1@\@ha@tmp@@id\endcsname%
463   % Clean the environment
464   \let\@ha@tmp@@id\undefined%
465 }
466 %
467 %
468 %
469 % USER ENVIRONMENT
470 %
471 %
472 % These macros are directly available to the user.
473 %
474 %
475 % Macro: `|hereapplies[label]{identifiers}`
476 % *****
477 %
478 % Notify the document that one or more identifiers apply to a particular point
479 % and add a label to it
480 %
481 % If the optional argument is passed the label created will be named
482 % accordingly, otherwise an opaque name will be chosen. This argument may
483 % contain only what is legal for `|pageref`.
484 %
485 % The `identifiers` argument must be a comma-separated list of identifiers
486 % (leading and trailing spaces around each member will be ignored). Each of
487 % these strings will remain confined within the internal scope of the package
488 % and will not create conflicts with possible macros or labels of the same
489 % names.
490 %
491 % The starred version of this command (`|hereapplies*`) will not invoke the
492 % `|phantomsection` directive.
493 %

```

```

494 \newcommand*\hereapplies{%
495     % Check if a star is present in the invocation of the command
496     \@ifstar{\starred@hereapplies}{\phantomsection\starred@hereapplies}%
497 }
498 %
499 %
500 % Macro: \whereapplies{identifier}
501 % *****
502 %
503 % Print all the occurrences of an identifier in the form "p. ..." or "pp. ..."
504 % (with page range support)
505 %
506 % The identifier argument remains confined within the internal scope of the
507 % package and does not create conflicts with possible macros or labels of the
508 % same name. Leading and trailing spaces around this string will be ignored.
509 %
510 % If the same identifier is not passed to \hereapplies at least once
511 % throughout the document, \whereapplies will print "??".
512 %
513 % The starred version of this command (\whereapplies*) will use \pageref*
514 % instead of \pageref for generating the page list.
515 %
516 \newcommand*\whereapplies{%
517     % Check if a star is present in the invocation of the command
518     \@ifstar{\get@hainfo[soutput]}{\get@hainfo[doutput]}%
519 }%
520 % EOF

```