

Package ‘npsr’

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Type Package

Title Validate Instrumental Variables using NPS

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Description An R implementation of the Necessary and Probably Sufficient (NPS) test for finding valid instrumental variables, as suggested by Amit Sharma (2016, Working Paper) <http://amitsharma.in/pubs/necessary_probably_sufficient_iv_test.pdf>. The NPS test, compares the likelihood that a given set of observational data of the three variables Z , X and Y is generated by a valid instrumental variable model ($Z \rightarrow X \rightarrow Y$) to the likelihood that the data is generated by an invalid IV model.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Collate npsCommon.R npsInvalid.R npsMain.R npsNecessary.R npsValid.R
RNested.R

Imports infotheo, MASS, gmp

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

NeedsCompilation no

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R topics documented:

| | |
|---------------|---|
| M_air | 2 |
| M_air_excl | 2 |
| M_excl | 3 |
| nps.invalid | 3 |
| nps.necessary | 4 |

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| nps.test | 4 |
| nps.valid | 5 |
| product_fraction | 5 |

| | |
|--------------|----------|
| Index | 6 |
|--------------|----------|

| | |
|-------|--------------|
| M_air | <i>M_air</i> |
|-------|--------------|

Description

Calculates the marginal likelihood M_{air}

Usage

`M_air(Q, l, m, n)`

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| Q | Histogram of dataset ($l \times m \times n$ vector) |
| l | Z |
| m | X |
| n | Y |

Value

The probability that the observations were created from a model which violates the as-if-randomness criterion but not the exclusion criterion

| | |
|------------|--------------|
| M_air_excl | <i>m_air</i> |
|------------|--------------|

Description

Calculates the marginal likelihood M_{air_excl}

Usage

`M_air_excl(Q, l, m, n)`

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| Q | Histogram of dataset ($l \times m \times n$ vector) |
| l | Z |
| m | X |
| n | Y |

Value

The probability that the observations were created from a model which violates the as-if-randomness criterion but not the exclusion criterion

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| <i>M_excl</i> | <i>M_excl</i> |
|---------------|---------------|

Description

Calculates the marginal likelihood of *M_excl*

Usage

`M_excl(Q, l, m, n, N = sum(Q), S = sum(Q))`

Arguments

- Q Histogram of dataset ($l \times m \times n$ vector)
- l |Z|
- m |X|
- n |Y|
- N Number of Repetitions for Nested Sampling
- S Number of Starting Points for Nested Sampling

Value

The probability that the observations were created from a model which violates the exclusion criterion but not the as-if-randomness criterion

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| <code>nps.invalid</code> | <i>M_Invalid</i> |
|--------------------------|------------------|

Description

Calculates the *ML_Invalid*

Usage

`nps.invalid(Q, l, m, n, N = sum(Q), S = sum(Q))`

Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| Q | List of unique observations, should be $l \times m \times n$ length |
| l | Z |
| m | X |
| n | Y |
| N | Number of Repetitions for Nested Sampling |
| S | Number of Starting Points for Nested Sampling |

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| nps.necessary | <i>testlc</i> |
|---------------|---------------|

Description

Tests the instrumental constraints on the given dataframe using entropy

Usage

```
nps.necessary(df)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----|---------------------------|
| df | Dataframe with z, x and y |
|----|---------------------------|

Value

FALSE if the data violates the constraints otherwise TRUE

| | |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| nps.test | <i>Main function of the package.</i> |
|----------|--------------------------------------|

Description

Main function of the package.

Usage

```
nps.test(df, l, m, n, N, S)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----|---|
| df | Dataframe with columns z,x and y |
| l | Number of bins used to discretize Z |
| m | Number of bins used to discretize X |
| n | Number of bins used to discretize Y |
| N | Number of Repetitions for Nested Sampling |
| S | Number of Starting Points for Nested Sampling |

Value

result object of the test including the fields: nt, valid, invalid, ratio

Examples

```
nps.test(data.frame(x = runif(3), y = runif(3), z = runif(3)),2,2,2, 3, 3)
```

| | |
|-----------|------------------|
| nps.valid | <i>nps.valid</i> |
|-----------|------------------|

Description

Calculates M_Valid

Usage

```
nps.valid(Q, l, m, n, N = sum(Q), S = sum(Q))
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| Q | Histogram of dataset (l*m*n vector) |
| l | Z |
| m | X |
| n | Y |
| N | Number of Repetitions for Nested Sampling |
| S | Number of Starting Points for Nested Sampling |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| product_fraction | <i>Reduces out factors of fraction of products and calculates the fraction Analog to prod(num)/prod(den)</i> |
|------------------|--|

Description

Reduces out factors of fraction of products and calculates the fraction Analog to prod(num)/prod(den)

Usage

```
product_fraction(num, den)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|--------------------------------------|
| num | vector of factors of the numerator |
| den | vector of factors of the denominator |

Index

M_air, 2

M_air_excl, 2

M_excl, 3

nps.invalid, 3

nps.necessary, 4

nps.test, 4

nps.valid, 5

product_fraction, 5